#### 11th International Metropolis Conference Paths & Crossroads : Moving People, Changing Place

2-6 October 2006, Lisboa, Portugal

# Working Carnival Ethnic cultures and the regeneration of the global city

**Lionel Arnaud** 

Centre de Recherches sur l'Action Politique en Europe (CRAPE) Université Rennes 1 (France)



## Challenges for the « Global City »

- To be competitive
  - → economical development
- To be attractive
  - → cultural development
  - → Use of **festive time strategies** to combat the deleterious impact of globalization on local economies (Eisinger 2000, Gotham 2002, Harvey 1990, Hugues 1999)

## **Hypothesis**

### « Ethnicity » as a new cultural capital ?

Community links, multiple identities, cultural resistance, a general resiliency associated with the ability to endure hardships and overcome obstacles

are now turned

#### from *handicap* into *resources*

in the liberal cosmopolitan city

(Cf. Bourdieu 1979; Putnam, Leonardi, Nanetti, 1993)

Process of cultural and economical enhancement

#### **State of the Art**

# The Cultural Economy of Cities

- → Governance and urban competition (Le Galès 1995, Scott 2000)
- → Culture industries and re-embeddedness (Basu and Werbner 2001, Granovetter 1985)
- → Confluence between commercial culture/ethnic identity (Root 1996)

# The New Middle Classes & The Fantasy City

- →Increasing role of "professionnals" and "creativity" (Florida 2002; Lash & Urry 1987)
- → Gentrification process (Ley 2003, Zukin 1995)
- → Political interdependances and civilization process (Elias 1939, 1969)

## Methodology

**Comparison** of two large urban festivals which involved ethnic minorities



The Notting Hill Carnival

[London]



Le Défilé de la Biennale de la danse

[Lyon]

#### **Tools**

**Interviews** with professionals and participants (n: 37) from 2000 to 2005

#### **Participant observation**

in Lyon (July 2002): Maravilhoso Project

in London (August 2002): Yaa Asantewaa Arts & Cultural Centre

Ethnographic materials (reports, leaflets & websites)

#### **Local & national press releases**

from 1976 to 2002 (London) from 1996 to 2002 (Lyon)

# - Part I Ethnic Minorities From Political Exclusion to Cultural Re-Invention

- Part II -*Multiculturality*From Handicap to Resource

- Part III -*Carnival*From Culture to Economy

## **Ethnic Minorities**

# From Political Exclusion to Cultural Re-Invention

#### The Failure of a Unitary Political Mobilisation

#### White & Black Split

Spatial divisions

Segregation in London Relegation in Lyon



Racist attacks

e.g. Notting Hill White Riots (1958)

e.g. Les Minguettes' Murders (1981-1983)

#### **Communautary Divisions**

• Inside the Caribbean community
e.g. failure of the West Indian Standing
Conference



• Inside the anti-racist movement

e.g. failure of the Marche des Beurs

(1983)

#### Carnival as a New Form of Cultural Mobilization

#### **From Trinidad to Notting Hill**

• **1958**: Creation of the first Caribbean Carnival

→ Claudia Jones



- **1965**: Integration of the festival into the Notting Hill Fair

  → Rhaunee Laslett
- **1975**: Creation of the *Carnival Development Committee (CDC)*

# From Hip Hop to Contemporary Dance

• **1980's**: Development of hip hop culture in the Great Lyon → Rillieux, Vaulx-en-Velin, Vénissieux,...



- 1981-1986/1988-1993: "Minority cultural expressions" public policy

  → Jack Lang
- 1996 : Défilé de la Biennale de la Danse
  - → « Projets culturels de quartier »
  - → Guy Darmet

### **Emergence of a « new ethnicity »**

- Marginalization
- Socialisation in the chinks of the public space
- Identitary re-creations

Sub-cultures of exclusion



#### PROBLEM FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

How to channel these minority cultural expressions ?

# Multiculturality

From Handicap to Resource

#### Carnival → A Problem

#### A Problem of Law & Order

**→ Criminalization** (1976, 1986)

#### **A Problem of Culture**

- → High Arts *vs* Popular Arts
- → "Cultural colonialism!"



#### **Carnival** → A Strategy



#### A counter-cultural strategy

Cf. Great London Council (1981-1986)

- → A counter-hegemony strategy
- → "Learning from Thatcherism"

#### A bypassing strategy

Cf. Ministère de la Culture (1981-1986)

- → "La démocratie culturelle"
- → Give the speak to the "immigrés"

### **Emergence of a « new ethnicity »**

- Marginalization ⇒ Interdependance
- Socialisation in the chinks ⇒ Globalisation
- Identitary re-creations ⇒ Creativity
- → Sub-cultures = New Cultural capital



CULTURAL STRATEGY
OF LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

# **Carnival**

# **From Culture to Economy**

#### **Carnival Development** → **Identity work**

# The Notting Hill Carnival as an "international class event"

(Interview, Senior Cultural Project Officer, GLA, 20/09/2002)

"Notting Hill Carnival is a showcase of Caribbean culture, but it is also a showcase for London" (Lee Jasper, Chairman of the Mayor's Carnival Review Group, 27/08/2002)

#### Le Défilé as a

#### « rituel d'agglomération »

(Millénaire 3/Grand Lyon Prospective, 2002)

"L'organisation de fêtes publiques rencontre un besoin profondément ancré d'appartenance et de communion avec la société environnante" (Millénaire 3, 2000)

#### **Carnival Development** → **Economic work**

#### **Creative industries**

"Creativity:
London's core business"
(Mayor of London, 2002)

- London Development Agency
- Carnival Review Group
- Mayor's Economic Agency

#### **Art therapy**

"Le détour créatif est au coeur de l'insertion" (C2D-Tremplin ANEPA)

- Politique de la Ville
- Volet insertion
- Plan local d'insertion par l'économique (PLIE)

#### The æsthetisation of multiculturalism

#### Regulation

- ✓ Policing
- ✓ Management



Art to serve the economic and social development of cities

#### **Rationnalization**

- ✓ Didactization
- ✓ Production



Searching a 
« new multicultural æsthetic »

**Project-Identity** 

#### **Conclusion**

#### From Marginality to a New Cultural Capital



Community



Social capital



**Cohesion** 



**Expression** 



Creativity



**Innovation**