NHO - Confederation of Norwegian Enterprise

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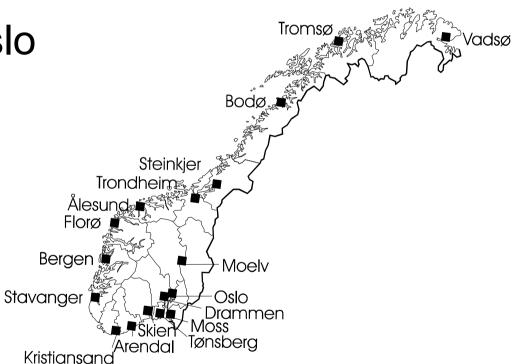
Entrepreneurship, network and co-operation in The Norwegian Introductory Programme.

What is NHO?

- The main organisation for Norwegian employers
- Membership consists of more than 17 000 enterprises
- ranging from
 - –small family-owned businesses to
 - -large industrial enterprises.

This is NHO:

- Central organisation in Oslo
- 21 Sectoral federations (representing different trades)



• 15 Regional

How does NHO work international?



International Labour Organization



International Organisation of Employers Organisation Internationale des Employeurs Organización Internacional de Empleadores



- International dept. horisontal issues, but all depts. and sectors must take resp. for specific issues
- UNICE coordination
- Internal EU training

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UE NORGE PROGRAMMER REGISTRERING SAMARBEIDSPARTNERE WEBSHOP WEB-TV OM OSS KONTAKT

FRAMTID, SAMSPILL OG SKAPERGLEDE

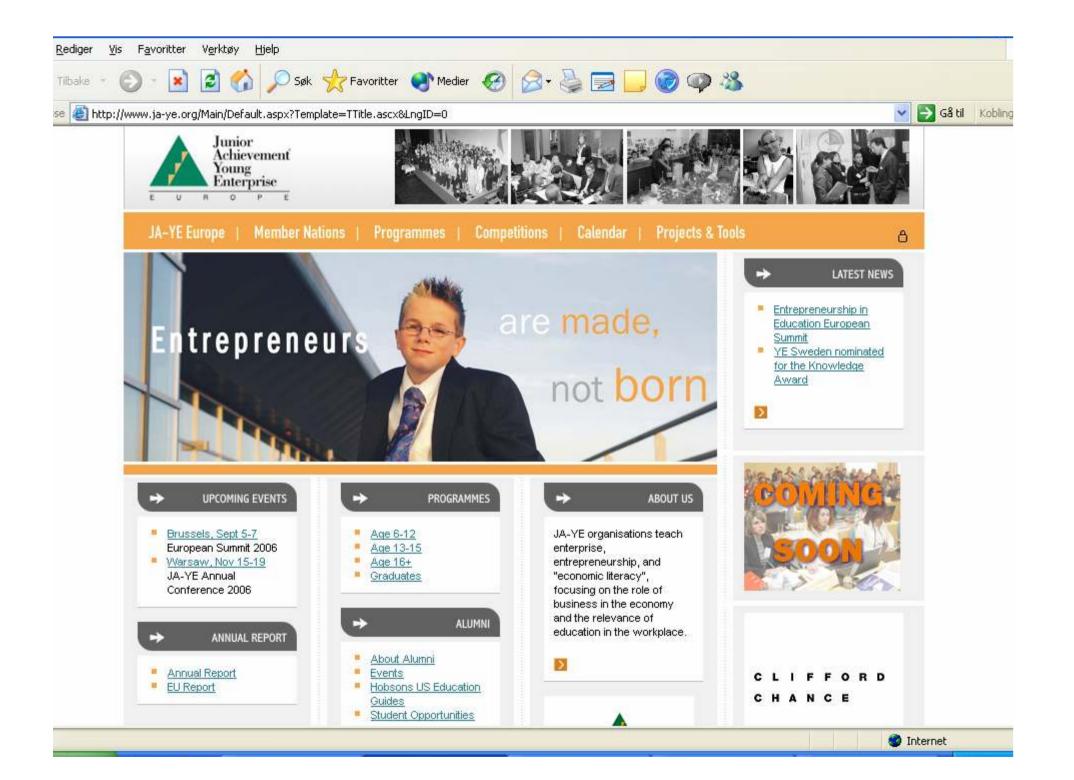


Ungt Entreprenørskap engasjerer elever og studenter over hele landet i elev-, ungdoms- og studentbedrifter.

Arbeidet med entreprenørskap i skolen stimulerer elevenes kreativitet, lærevilje og skaperevne.

I tillegg gir det en viktig opplæring i hvordan næringslivet fungerer, slik at elevene står bedre rustet på arbeidsmarkedet i fremtiden





The fundamental ideas of IE:

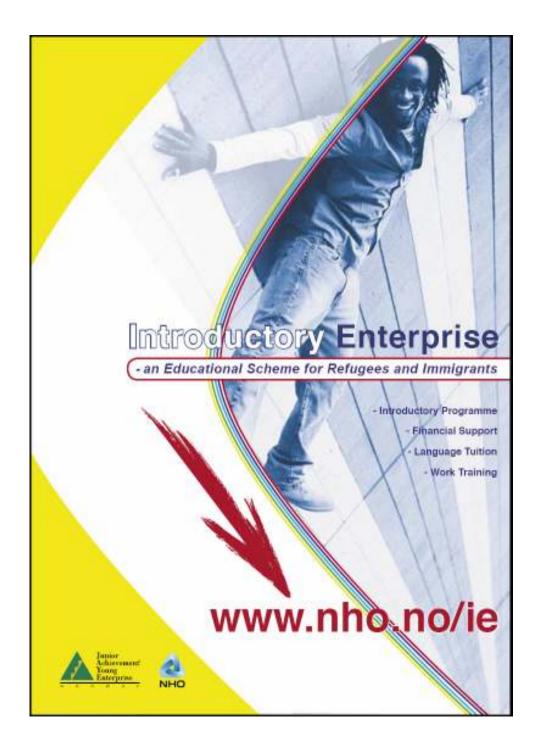
- Human beings have the immanent resources they need to achieve desirable results
- Wealth of ideas, power of initiative and the capability to carry through can be trained

Fundamental ideas of IE :

- There are lessons to be learned from every failure
- If what you do does not work, try something else

The Introductory Enterprise Programme

- initially tried out as a project with 4 pilots from August 2003 to August 2004.
- tested further in a project network where 18 municipalities took part.
- In addition, several Introductory Enterprise gatherings have been held for municipalities.



IE consists of:

- A minicompany
- Mentorship
- Partnership
- Co-operation with the traditional way of teaching Norwegian and social studies

Who is participating?

- The IE participants
- The teachers
- A small resourcegroup
- Mentors
- Partners through partnerships
- Customers
- Suppliers

Who is responsible?

- The IE participants
- Immigration office
- Adult education
- Public offices (partnership)
- Local enterprises (partnership)
- People (customers, market)

- Increase the IE participants contact surface through:
 - Being aware of their own networks
 - Building networks
 - Using mentors and partnerships
 - Making contacts with customers and suppliers

- Learn Norwegian
- Learn about the Norwegian society
- Expand and strengthen "the traditional way" of teaching Norwegian and social studies

- Increase the IE participants' focus on possibilities
- Increase the IE participants' "total learning profit" within a given frame of time
- Increase the IE participants' ability to "stand on their own two feet" in a new society

- Increase the local society's ability to include new citizens
- Increase the local society's capability for making use of the competence of their new citizens

The IE participants:

- Are challenged
- Are heard
- Have influence
- Make choices
- Take the consequences of their choices
- Are learning by doing

The IE Method:

- The IE participants are supervised through planning, establishing, running and liquidising their own minicompany.
- Local companies and public offices, connected to the IE through partnership agreements, are helping/guiding the IE.

Between	
The Introductory Programme for Recently Arrived Refugees in the Municipality of	
And	
the municipality a greater insight introduction of work in general. The overall objudit of permanent employment by givin sector within society, thereby giving the lation to education and training.	tion aimed at giving the participants of the Introductory Programme of the local business and industry sector as well as the Norwegian jective pf this Agreement is to bring the participants closer to their gain increased understanding in relation to the role of the private e participants a better foundation for making realistic choices in ment into their plans and have a regular dialogue whose aim is to e cooperation stipulated herein.
Sector Contractor Contractor	
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his Agreement shall apply in areas suc	ch as:
Scheduled Campany Visits Work Placements Language Placements Work Training Mentorships for Introductory Enterprin Exchange of Information in cases of Re Other Types of Cooperation	ecruitment
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What do we do in the Introductory Enterprise Programme? • Develop good ideas

- Find out whether or not the idea is viable in practice
- Decide what types of employees the enterprise needs
- Apply for the vacant positions
- -Hire/get hired as an employee
- Start the enterprise
- Run production and sale



What the IE participants achieve:

- Preparation in meeting a future labour market and at the same time gaining knowlegde of and experience in selfemployment in his or her new local society
- Knowledge about, contact with and insight into local business and public service

What the municipality achieves:

Development of a network for a permanent and systematic co-operation between local work life, local companies, public services and education institutions with responsibility for The Norwegian Introductory Programme.

• IE is a means and a method

• IE is an arena for learning

• IE is an arena for training

For more information:

www.nho.no/ie