POST–COLONIAL MIGRATION AND THE SECOND GENERATION

THE CARIBBEANS IN THE NETHERLANDS
POST-WAR MIGRATION TO THE NETHERLANDS

- POST-COLONIAL MIGRANTS
  - East-Indies
  - West-Indies/ Caribbean

- GUEST WORKERS/ LABOUR MIGRANTS

- REFUGEES / ASYLUM SEEKERS

- ‘NEW’ LABOUR MIGRANTS
POST-COLONIAL MIGRATIONS

SIMILARITIES

- Historical bonds
- Linguistic and cultural affinity
- Varied social-class backgrounds
- Citizenship
POST-COLONIAL MIGRATIONS

DIFFERENT NATIONAL CONTEXTS

- Notion of the nation/ citizenship
- Immigrant policy
- Opportunity structure
- Co-ethnic community
# Caribbeans in the Netherlands

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Surinamese</th>
<th>Antilleans</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>332,000</td>
<td>130,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1&lt;sup&gt;ST&lt;/sup&gt; generation</td>
<td>188,000</td>
<td>80,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>2&lt;sup&gt;nd&lt;/sup&gt; generation</td>
<td>144,000</td>
<td>50,000</td>
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<td>% 2&lt;sup&gt;nd&lt;/sup&gt; gen.</td>
<td>43%</td>
<td>38%</td>
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SOCIAL POSITION

- Ethnic Dutch
- Caribbeans (Surinamese & Antilleans)
- Guestworkers (Turks & Moroccans)
2nd GENERATION Integration & Identification

- socio-economic and socio-cultural integration

- ethnic & transnational identifications
CONCLUSION

Intermediate position:

- varied social-class composition
- Dutch citizens
- Familiarity with Dutch language, culture, society